

4300 2/17/95

Coliny

PATENT
Atty Dkt 4364-0002.22
Client 004.4

1804

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service as first class mail in an envelope addressed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks, Washington, D.C. 20231 on 23 Feb. 1995

23 Feb. 1995 Date Reggia Brickhours Signature

Group Art Unit:

Examiner:

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In Re Application of:

Raju KUCHERLAPATI et al.

Serial No.: 08/031,801

•

Filing Date: 15 March 1993

Title: GENERATION OF XENOGENEIC

ANTIBODIES

COMMUNICATION

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Washington, D.C. 20231

RECEIVED
MAR 4 1995

S. Ziska

Dear Sir:

Enclosed is a paper by Miller, J. et al. Nature (1982) 295:428-430. Applicants have been aware of this publication and do not believe it is material to the examination of the herein application. However, a copy of this publication was handed to applicants' attorney in the course of a deposition on January 20, 1995. This deposition was taken in connection with a lawsuit in which the assignee of the present invention is alleging derivation of invention from the present applicants. Therefore, the publication may be considered relevant on the grounds solely of the circumstances under which it was provided to applicants.

In order to comply with the duty of candor, applicants now submit this publication. The publication is concerned with the characterization of the J regions of

632

- 1 -

mouse immunoglobulin λ genes. This paper deals with observations about the structure of the λ gene and the authors show that one of the J regions, the J λ 4 region, is a pseudogene. This pseudogene, in its native state, contains genetic alterations which render it nonfunctional. The particular J region studied has nucleotide substitutions as well as deletions. The article states that because the C λ gene is associated with only a single J region, unlike κ and H chains, the inactivation of a J λ region would cause the entire gene to become nonfunctional. This stated result simply indicates that to the extent a J region controls a particular constant region joinder, inactivation of the J region by altering its structure, as in the case of mutation here, might result in failure to express.

The enclosed paper is thus believed by applicants to represent a general effort to study immunoglobulin expression and is cited as material only because of the circumstances under which it was produced in deposition. The reference is cited on the enclosed Form PTO-1449, and applicants respectfully request that it be made of record in the present application.

Respectfully submitted,

Bv:

Kate H. Murashige

Registration No. 29,959

MORRISON & FOERSTER 2000 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W. Suite 5500 Washington, D.C. 20006-1888

Tel: (202) 887-1500 Fax: (202) 887-0763

699